

28 June 2017

Original: English

(17-3505) Page: 1/3

Committee on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures

NOTIFICATION

- 1. Notifying Member: AUSTRALIA
 - If applicable, name of local government involved:
- **2. Agency responsible:** Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ)
- 3. Products covered (provide tariff item number(s) as specified in national schedules deposited with the WTO; ICS numbers should be provided in addition, where applicable): Processed foods in general
- 4. Regions or countries likely to be affected, to the extent relevant or practicable:
 - [X] All trading partners
 - [] Specific regions or countries:
- 5. Title of the notified document: Proposal: M1014 Maximum Residue Limits (2016). Language(s): English. Number of pages: 22

http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/code/proposals/Pages/M1014MRLs-2016.aspx

Description of content: This Proposal seeks to amend the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code* to align maximum residue limits (MRLs) for various agricultural and veterinary (agvet) chemicals so that they are consistent with other national regulations relating to the safe and effective use of agricultural and veterinary chemicals; and to align certain limits with Codex or trading partner standards relating to residues of agricultural and veterinary chemicals in food.

The following agvet chemicals being considered for specified plant commodities are: Acephate, Acequinocyl, Acetamiprid, Aminocyclopyrachlor, Azoxystrobin, Brodifacoum, Buprofezin Benzovindiflupyr, Bifenthrin, Carbaryl, Carbendazim (Thiophanate), Chlorantraniliprole, Chlorfenvinphos, Chlorpyrifos-methyl, Clopyralid, Cyflumetofen, Cyfluthrin, Cyhalothrin (Lambda Cyhalothrin), Cypermethrin, Cyprodinil, Cyromazine, Deltamethrin, Dichlorvos, Dicloran, Difenoconazole, Disulfoton, Endothal (Endothall), Etofenprox, Ethoprophos (Ethoprop), Fenamiphos, Fenarimol, Fenpropathrin, Fenpropimorph, Fenpyroximate, Fenthion, Fenvalerate (Esfenvalerate), Flonicamid, Flubendiamide, Fludioxonil, Flumioxazin, Fluopyram, Flusilazole, Flutriafol, Fosetyl-aluminium (Fosetyl-al), Glyphosate, Hexythiazox, Imazamox, Imidacloprid, Inorganic bromide, Iprodione Maldison (Malathion), Mesotrione, Metaflumizone, Metalaxyl, Metconazole, Methamidophos, Methomyl, Myclobutanil, Naled, Nicarbazin, Norflurazon, Novaluron, Oxathiapiprolin, Paraquat, Phenothrin, 2-Phenylphenol, Phosphine, Propyzamide, Prothioconazole, Pyraflufen-ethyl, Pyridaben, Pyrimethanil, Quintozene, Rimosulfuron, Saflufenacil, Sedaxane, Sethoxydim (Clethodim), Spinetoram, Spirotetramat, Tebuconazole, Tetradifon, Thiacloprid, Thiamethoxam, Thifensulfuron, Triadimenol, Trifloxystrobin Virginiamycin.

MRLs for specified animal commodities are also being considered for Aminocyclopyrachlor, Dichlorvos, Fenamiphos and Virginiamycin.

- 7. Objective and rationale: [X] food safety, [] animal health, [] plant protection, [] protect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from other damage from pests.
- 8. Is there a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard:
 - [X] Codex Alimentarius Commission (e.g. title or serial number of Codex standard or related text):
 - CAC/MRL 1 MRLs for Pesticides 2009;
 - CAC/MRL 2 MRLs for Veterinary Drugs in Food 2011;
 - CAC/MRL 3 Extraneous MRLs (EMRLs) 2001;
 - and subsequent variations to relevant standards as adopted or revoked by the Commission.
 - [] World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) (e.g. Terrestrial or Aquatic Animal Health Code, chapter number):
 - [] International Plant Protection Convention (e.g. ISPM number):
 - [] None

Does this proposed regulation conform to the relevant international standard?

[] Yes [X] No

If no, describe, whenever possible, how and why it deviates from the international standard: Certain proposed limits conform to Codex limits. These are detailed in section 1.3.1 of the assessment summary.

The scientific methodology used by Australia to establish MRLs is consistent with international best practice. Countries set MRLs according to the good agricultural practice (GAP) or good veterinary practice (GVP) applicable to their region to ensure the safety and quality of the food. Agricultural and veterinary chemical use patterns differ between different production regions and countries as pests, diseases and environmental factors vary. This means that Australian MRLs for agricultural and veterinary chemicals in food may differ from Codex standards.

- 9. Other relevant documents and language(s) in which these are available: Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code (available in English)
- Proposed date of adoption (dd/mm/yy): October 2017
 Proposed date of publication (dd/mm/yy): January 2018
- 11. Proposed date of entry into force: [] Six months from date of publication, and/or (dd/mm/yy): Date of Gazettal and registration as a legislative instrument pending Government consideration (see 10. above).
 - **[X]** Trade facilitating measure The Proposal includes measures to address certain anomalies between the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code and Codex or trading partner standards.
- 12. Final date for comments: [] Sixty days from the date of circulation of the notification and/or (dd/mm/yy): 28 August 2017

Agency or authority designated to handle comments: [X] National Notification Authority, [] National Enquiry Point. Address, fax number and e-mail address (if available) of other body:

Food Standards Australia New Zealand PO Box 5423 KINGSTON ACT 2604 Australia

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E-mail: standards.management@foodstandards.gov.au

13. Text(s) available from: [X] National Notification Authority, [] National Enquiry Point. Address, fax number and e-mail address (if available) of other body:

Documents are available from the Food Standards Australia New Zealand website: http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/code/proposals/Pages/M1014MRLs-2016.aspx

Copies are also available from: The Australian Notification Authority GPO Box 858 CANBERRA ACT 2601 Australia

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