



NOTIFICATION

1.	Notifying Member: CHINA If applicable, name of local government involved:
2.	Agency responsible: Ministry of Agriculture (MOA) of the People's Republic of China
3.	Products covered (provide tariff item number(s) as specified in national schedules deposited with the WTO; ICS numbers should be provided in addition, where applicable): Foods
4.	Regions or countries likely to be affected, to the extent relevant or practicable: [X] All trading partners [] Specific regions or countries:
5.	Title of the notified document: National Food Safety Standard of the P.R.C.: Maximum Residue Limits for Veterinary Drugs in Animal Derived Foods. Language(s): Chinese. Number of pages: 18 https://members.wto.org/crnattachments/2017/SPS/CHN/17_5609_00_x.pdf
6.	Description of content: This standard stipulates 2191 maximum residue limits (MRLs) for 104 veterinary drugs in animal derived food, including Albendazole, etc., and 154 veterinary drugs being allowed used with no MRLs requirement, including Acetic Acid etc., also other nine veterinary drugs being used for therapeutic purposes but not be detected in foods, including Chlorpromazine etc.
7.	Objective and rationale: [X] food safety, [] animal health, [] plant protection, [] protect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from other damage from pests.
8.	Is there a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard: [X] Codex Alimentarius Commission (e.g. title or serial number of Codex standard or related text): CAC/MRL Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs)and Risk Management Recommendations (RMRs) for Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Foods [] World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) (e.g. Terrestrial or Aquatic Animal Health Code, chapter number): [] International Plant Protection Convention (e.g. ISPM number): [] None Does this proposed regulation conform to the relevant international standard? [] Yes [X] No If no, describe, whenever possible, how and why it deviates from the international standard: Some proposed residue limits may differ from maximum residue limits standards of Codex. The scientific methodology adopted to establish MRLs in China is consistent with international common practice. Members set MRLs in accordance with the

	good practice in use of veterinary drugs (GPVD), which is applicable to their respective conditions. Since the pathogenic bacterium and environmental factors vary in different producing regions and members, they may choose different ways of veterinary drugs. Therefore, Chinese MRLs for veterinary drugs in foods may differ from Codex standards.
9.	Other relevant documents and language(s) in which these are available: None
10.	Proposed date of adoption (dd/mm/yy): To be determined. Proposed date of publication (dd/mm/yy): To be determined.
11.	Proposed date of entry into force: <input type="checkbox"/> Six months from date of publication, and/or (dd/mm/yy): To be determined. <input type="checkbox"/> Trade facilitating measure
12.	Final date for comments: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sixty days from the date of circulation of the notification and/or (dd/mm/yy): 16 February 2018 Agency or authority designated to handle comments: <input type="checkbox"/> National Notification Authority, <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> National Enquiry Point. Address, fax number and e-mail address (if available) of other body:
13.	Text(s) available from: <input type="checkbox"/> National Notification Authority, <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> National Enquiry Point. Address, fax number and e-mail address (if available) of other body: