

27 January 2022

Original: English

(22-0658)

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Committee on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures

NOTIFICATION

| 1. | - | ing Member: <u>BRAZIL</u> |
|----------|--|--|
| | If app | licable, name of local government involved: |
| 2. | Agenc | y responsible: The Brazilian Health Regulatory Agency (ANVISA) |
| 3. | Products covered (provide tariff item number(s) as specified in national schedules deposited with the WTO; ICS numbers should be provided in addition, where applicable): ICS Code(s): 13, 65 | |
| 4. | Regio | ns or countries likely to be affected, to the extent relevant or practicable: |
| | [X] | All trading partners |
| | [] | Specific regions or countries: |
| 5. | Langu | of the notified document: Draft Resolution number 1066, 6 January 2022. age(s): Portuguese. Number of pages: 4 |
| | N+106 Comm | antigo.anvisa.gov.br/documents/10181/6378805/CONSULTA+P%C3%9ABLICA+ 6+GGTOX.pdf/bba5d8aa-02db-4699-900f-122221d12cdf ent form: <u>https://www.gov.br/anvisa/pt-</u> |
| | | traisdeconteudo/publicacoes/agrotoxicos/formulario-padrao-consulta-publica- docx/view |
| 6. | Description of content: This draft resolution is regarded the proposal for inclusion of active ingredient ingredient T76 - Trichoderma atroviride of the Monograph List of Active Ingredients for Pesticides, Household Cleaning Products and Wood Preservers, published by Normative Instruction number 103 - 19 October 2021 on the Brazilian Official Gazette (DOU - Diário Oficial da União). | |
| | | |
| 7. | [] pro | tive and rationale: [X] food safety, [] animal health, [] plant protection, otect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from damage from pests. |
| 7. 8. | [] pro other | otect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from |
| | [] pro other | otect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from damage from pests. |
| | [] pro other Is the | otect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from damage from pests. re a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard: Codex Alimentarius Commission <i>(e.g. title or serial number of Codex</i> |
| | [] pro other Is the | otect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from damage from pests. re a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard: Codex Alimentarius Commission (e.g. title or serial number of Codex standard or related text): |
| | [] pro other Is the [X] | betect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from damage from pests. re a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard: Codex Alimentarius Commission (e.g. title or serial number of Codex standard or related text): CAC/MRL 1 Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) for Pesticides. World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) (e.g. Terrestrial or Aquatic |
| | [] pro other Is the [X] [] | betect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from damage from pests. re a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard: Codex Alimentarius Commission (e.g. title or serial number of Codex standard or related text): CAC/MRL 1 Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) for Pesticides. World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) (e.g. Terrestrial or Aquatic Animal Health Code, chapter number): |
| | [] pro other Is the [X] [] [] [] | betect humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [] protect territory from damage from pests. re a relevant international standard? If so, identify the standard: Codex Alimentarius Commission (e.g. title or serial number of Codex standard or related text): CAC/MRL 1 Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) for Pesticides. World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) (e.g. Terrestrial or Aquatic Animal Health Code, chapter number): International Plant Protection Convention (e.g. ISPM number): |

If no, describe, whenever possible, how and why it deviates from the international standard: Brazilian MRLs are established based on scientific methodology consistent with international best practices. Countries usually set MRLs according to the Good Agricultural Practice (GAP) applicable to their region. Agricultural chemical use patterns differ between different production regions and countries as pests, diseases and environmental factors vary. This means that Brazilian MRLs for agricultural chemicals in food may differ from Codex standards. However, when a product differs from Brazilian MRLs, but is in conformity to Codex standards, it may be imported, provided that the risk assessment does not indicate an unacceptable risk to Brazilian consumers.

- 9. Other relevant documents and language(s) in which these are available:
- **10. Proposed date of adoption (***dd/mm/yy***):** To be determined after the end of the consultation period.

Proposed date of publication (*dd/mm/yy***):** To be determined after the end of the consultation period.

- 11. Proposed date of entry into force: [] Six months from date of publication, and/or (*dd/mm/yy*): To be determined after the end of the consultation period.
 - [] Trade facilitating measure
- 12. Final date for comments: [] Sixty days from the date of circulation of the notification and/or (*dd/mm/yy*): 12 March 2022

Agency or authority designated to handle comments: [] National Notification Authority, [X] National Enquiry Point. Address, fax number and e-mail address (if available) of other body:

Assessoria de Assuntos Internacionais - AINTE International Affairs Office Agência Nacional de Vigilância Sanitária - Anvisa Brazilian Health Regulatory Agency Tel: +(55 61) 3462 5402 / 5404 / 5406 E-mail: rel@anvisa.gov.br

13. Text(s) available from: [] National Notification Authority, [X] National Enquiry Point. Address, fax number and e-mail address (if available) of other body:

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